## Exercises # 7: Poisson process: application and generalizations

## Léo Neufcourt

## October 28, 2019

Each problem is worth 10 points, please do all problems. Due at the beginning of class on **Wednesday**, **November 6**. Python codes must be sent by email before Wednesday, November 6, 12:40pm.

**Exercise 1.** Suppose that the number of customer entering a bank follows a Poisson process with rate parameter 3 (per hour).

- (i) What is the expected time before the first customer enters the bank?
- (ii) Given that exactly 10 customers have entered the shop within the first hour, what is the expected time at which the first customer entered the bank?
- (iii) Given that exactly 5 customers have entered the shop within the first opening hour, what is the probability that the last customer arrived in the last five minutes?

## Exercise 2.

- 1. Let N be a (homogeneous) Poisson process with rate parameter  $\lambda$ . Show that, for every fixed  $s \geq 0$ ,  $(N_{t+s} N_s)$  is a (homogeneous) Poisson process with rate parameter  $\lambda$ .
- 2. Let N be a non-homogeneous Poisson process with a (deterministic) intensity function  $t \mapsto \lambda(t)$ . Under which condition(s) on the function  $\lambda$  does the process N have stationary increments? (In other words, for which rate function  $\lambda$  do  $N_t$ and  $N_{s+t} - Ns$  have the same distribution for every  $s, t \ge 0$ ?)

**Exercise 3.** Please solve Exercise 71 on page 365 of the textbook.

**Exercise 4.** A casino offers the following game, for a fee of \$1: at time t = 0, the player starts with a score 0, and a Poisson process N with rate parameter 1 (per minute) is started; with  $S_0 := 0$ , the jump times  $S_i$  of N (i.e. the time at which the events canonically associated with N occur) serve as a random clock for the game: at every even jump time  $S_i$ , the player's score increases by 1 if the time  $\tau_i := S_i - S_{i-1}$  elapsed since the preceding jump time is larger than 1s else the score doesn't change). At the end of the game, the player receives his or her score in \$ amount.

- 1. Suppose that the game stops at time T = 1 minute. Do you want to play this game?
- 2. Suppose that the game stops at time T = 5 minutes. Do you want to play this game?
- 3. Suppose that the game stops at a fixed time T; what would be the fair price for playing this game?
- 4. Now suppose that the game stops when your score reaches 2 or N reaches 5, whichever comes first. Do you want to play this game?
- **Exercise 5.** 1. Let N be a non-homogeneous Poisson process with intensity function  $\lambda(t) := t$ .
  - (i) What is  $\mathbb{E}[N_t]$ ?
  - (ii) What is  $\mathbb{V}ar[N_t]$ ?
  - (iii) What is  $\lim_{t\to\infty} \frac{N_t}{t}$ ?
  - (iv) What is  $\lim_{t\to\infty} \frac{N_t}{t^2}$ ?
  - (v) What is  $\lim_{t\to\infty} \frac{N_t}{t^3}$ ?

Hint : recall that we have shown  $\frac{Poisson(\lambda t)}{t} \xrightarrow[t \to \infty]{t \to \infty} \lambda$  a.s., and thus in probability and in distribution as well, for any non-negative real number  $\lambda$ .

- 2. Let N be a non-homogeneous Poisson process with intensity function  $\lambda(t) = e^{-t}$ .
  - (i) What is  $\mathbb{E}[N_t]$ ?
  - (ii) What is  $\mathbb{V}ar[N_t]$ ?
  - (iii) What is  $\mathbb{P}(N_t = 1)$ ?
  - (iv) What is  $\lim_{n\to\infty} \mathbb{P}(N_t = 1)$ ?